



BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL STREET TRADING POLICY

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1982 SCHEDULE 4

1.0 Definition of Street Trading

- 1.1 Street Trading is the offering, exposing or selling of articles for sale (including living things). This means that the legislation covers the advertising and offering of items for sale although it is restricted only to goods and not to services.
- 1.2 Street Trading involves the actual sale of goods, and not just an agreement to sell goods; that is, the goods need to be physically present and title in the property must pass as part of the contract transacted between the trader and the buyer.

2.0 Exemptions from Street Trading controls include:

- Trading by person acting as a pedlar with a pedlar's certificate granted under the Pedlars Act 1871.
- Markets or fairs, where there is statutory authority to hold the market or fair (such as by way of Royal Charter).
- Trading in a trunk road picnic area provided by the Secretary of State under S112 of the Highways Act 1980.
- Trading as a news vendor (only newspapers or periodicals may be sold and no stall or receptacle may be larger than 1.0m by 1.25m by 2.0m high and does not stand on the carriageway).
- Trading carried on at petrol filling stations or on their forecourts.

- Trading at premises used as a shop, or in a street adjoining those premises and which is part of the shop's business.
- Selling things, or offering or exposing them for sale, as a rounds man.
- The use for trading facilities or recreation or refreshments under the Highways Act 1980, such as pavement cafes.
- Activities where trading takes place as part of street collections authorised by S5 of the Police, Factories etc. (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1916, for charitable and benevolent purposes.
- Street trading is also prohibited on special roads, such as motorways, motorway service areas, and principle trunk roads and a 'street' as defined in the Highways Act 1980 as including any road, footway, beach or other area to which the public have access without payment.

2.1 The following street trading activities have been deemed to not require the consent of Bridgend County Borough Council:

- Trading at outdoor school fetes, school carnivals, school car boot sales or other non-profit making events. Any commercial vendor attending such events will be required to hold a street trading consent.
- Trading at community fun days or similar events organised by non-profit making organisations. Any commercial vendor attending such events will be required to hold a street trading consent.
- Sales of articles by residential occupiers within the curtilage of their properties

2.2 For the purposes of this document, the term relevant representations means, representations made by a statutory or enforcement agency, Council department, or a person who is likely to be affected by the trading. Relevant representations could include matters relating to obstruction of the street, danger to persons using it or nuisance or annoyance, whether to persons using the street or otherwise, factors which are set out in the Act.

3.0 Introduction

3.1 This policy covers street trading within the Bridgend County Borough area. The granting of the street trading consents is made under the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982, Schedule 4 – Street Trading. (The Act).

3.2 For the purpose of this policy, the Council shall be comprised of two zones – Town Centre zones being the Bridgend, Porthcawl and Maesteg town centres and an Outer Zone comprising any other part of the County Borough. Consents will normally be issued for a specific site and will not be transferrable.

3.3 For the purpose of the policy, all streets within the Bridgend County Borough have been designated as consent streets as defined in the Act. For the purposes of this Act a street is defined as any road, footway, beach or other area to which the public has access without payment. The designation includes any part of a street, and all

forecourts, roads, footways or other areas adjacent to the streets for a distance of thirty metres.

- 3.4 Subject to statutory exemptions a street trading consent is required for the sale of any goods in the streets (as defined in paragraph 3.3) to which members of the public have access to without payment.
- 3.5 A separate application process applies to the sale by retail of alcohol and/or the provision of any regulated entertainment associated with trading and for permission to trade from specific pitches and for trading on any part of the pedestrianised town centre areas or any maintainable highway. The grant of a consent does not guarantee that other types of permission or application required will be granted automatically and event organisers are urged to contact the Council at the planning stage to discuss their event in more detail.
- 3.6 The Council must be mindful of the operation of any existing market, the commercial shops in the Town Centres and existing festivals and events. The Council may restrict the sale of goods by street traders to types which are not in direct competition with shops, sales outlets or other street traders in that immediate vicinity.

4.0 Town Centre and Outer Zone policy

- 4.1 The aim of the policy is to encourage vibrant town centres and minimise nuisance in residential areas. The overriding policy is that each application will be determined on its merits. However, there will be a presumption of refusal, following relevant representations on certain grounds connected to the potential for public safety, road safety, nuisance, obstruction, visual intrusion, litter, and noxious smells.
- 4.3 In the town centre zones, applications for consents involving the following goods from sole traders not connected to a Council approved themed event or festival will normally be refused, if relevant representations are made:
- Posters or similar items
 - Sports goods, household goods and clothing
 - Fish and meat from commercial vans or stalls
 - Food vendors (burger vans, ice cream vans etc)
- 4.4 In addition, there will be a presumption of refusal of consent if the following factors apply:
- a. The sale of vehicles from or adjacent to the highway other than from premises with the appropriate planning consents in place
 - b. Trading in close proximity to schools, playgrounds or other community facilities regularly used by children where representations are received that the trading will result in road safety issues, impact on safe routes to schools, or anti-social behaviour and litter.
 - c. Trading that will result in anti-social behaviour and litter
 - d. Trading that is likely to obstruct the free flow of traffic and pedestrian movement or otherwise cause a hazard to other road users

- e. Trading that will lead to the contravention of any traffic regulation order or advice given in the Highway Code
 - f. Trading that takes place in narrow or restricted areas where the activity would cause congestion or impact on public safety
 - g. Trading that takes place in areas requiring servicing, deliveries or emergency access
 - h. Trading that will have a detrimental effect on the character of an area
- 4.5 The type of goods to be sold at themed events such as food festivals or seasonal events may include those included in the above list, but subject to approval by the Town Centre Manager.
- 4.6 There will be a presumption of grant for applications for consent for ice cream tricycles subject to a limit of a maximum of six being issued per annum in the Porthcawl Zone.
- 4.7 For all other outer areas of the County Borough, each application will be dealt on its merits but there will be a presumption of refusal of consent in the following circumstances:
- a. The sale of vehicles from or adjacent to the highway other than from premises with the appropriate planning consents in place
 - b. Trading in close proximity to schools, playgrounds or other community facilities regularly used by children where representations are received that the trading will result in road safety issues, impact on safe routes to schools, or anti-social behaviour and litter.
 - c. Trading that would will result in anti-social behaviour and litter or noxious smells
 - d. Trading which would obstruct the free flow of traffic and pedestrian movement or otherwise cause a hazard to other road users
 - e. Trading that will lead to the contravention of any traffic regulation order or advice given in the Highway Code
 - f. Trading in narrow or restricted areas where the activity would cause congestion or impact on public safety
 - g. Trading in areas requiring servicing, deliveries or emergency access
 - h. Trading which will have a detrimental effect on the character of an area

5.0 Street Trading Consent conditions

- 5.1 The granting or renewal of a street trading consent is subject to standard and/or special conditions relating to such issues as:

- Obstructions
- Nuisance or annoyance
- Location of trading
- Operation times
- Litter control
- Any other conditions as are reasonable and proportionate to include consent being limited to a single location.

5.2 Street trading consents are available for a maximum of 12 months and will be issued pro rata where requested.

6.0 Application criteria

6.1 Applicants for street trading consents have a public interface, often with children and vulnerable persons. Applicants will therefore be required to submit a current (a maximum of 28 days old) “subject access search” from the Police National Computer (PNC) or other approved Criminal Record Disclosure before consent is issued and for every assistant involved in the operation of the consent. A copy of the criteria to be used in the assessment of convictions is set out below. The Licensing Sub-Committee will determine applications from persons with unspent criminal convictions and other cases where an applicant is considered unsuitable to hold a consent.

6.2 Applications may be submitted in hard copy or electronically and must include a plan showing the location of proposed trading, a description of the goods to be sold, the contact details of the consent holder and vendors and, where trading takes place from a stall, cart or vehicle, a photograph of said stall, cart or vehicle. The Council will also request any other information deemed necessary and reasonable to determine the application.

6.3 The applicant will be responsible for obtaining any other permissions, including permissions from the planning and highway authority and the land owner’s consent to trade on the street. The applicant will be required to provide written confirmation of the land owner’s consent to trade on the street.

6.4 Applicants are advised to apply at least eight weeks in advance of the event.

6.5 The level of street trading fees will be reviewed annually as part of the normal budget exercises. Any default in payment in fees will render the consent void.

7.0 Consultation

7.1 Following receipt of an application for a street trading consent the Council will consult (where applicable);

- The South Wales Police
- Group Manager Highways
- Group Manager Transportation
- The planning authority
- Bridgend County Borough Council Town Centre Manager
- Bridgend County Borough Council Property Department

- Bridgend County Borough Council Public Protection Department
- Bridgend County Borough Council Streetworks Manager
- Local Chamber of Trade or other similar representative group
- Public Consultation will be via the Council's website www.bridgend.gov.uk
- Head Teachers – close to application site

8.0 Appeals process/redress

- 8.1 The legislation does not make provision for an appeal to be brought against the refusal of a consent. Redress in the first instance should be sought via the Group Manager Public Protection or via the Council's Corporate Complaints service. More details of this service can be accessed at www.bridgend.gov.uk

9.0 Food premises registration

- 9.1 Although not forming part of this policy applicants are reminded of the need to register food businesses with the local authority. Registration involves completing an application form. There is no charge for registration but new businesses must register at least twenty eight days before they intend to open so as to enable appropriate advice to be given by Council officers. More information can be accessed at publicprotection@bridgend.gov.uk

10.0 “Grandfather” rights

- 10.1 Following the adoption of this policy, the Council will depart from the above criteria in order to give special consideration to applications from existing traders in areas where controls did not previously exist who can provide evidence of long standing or permanent trading from a site, providing they are in possession of the land owner's permission and all other relevant permissions relating to the trading operation. Consent to trade in the following goods, or in the following locations is likely to be refused in the following circumstances:
- a. The sale of vehicles from or adjacent to the highway other than from premises with the appropriate planning consents in place
 - b. Trading in close proximity to schools, playgrounds or other community facilities regularly used by children where representations are received that the trading will result in road safety issues, impact on safe routes to schools, or anti-social behaviour and litter.
 - c. Trading that will result in anti-social behaviour and litter
 - d. Trading that is likely to obstruct the free flow of traffic and pedestrian movement or otherwise cause a hazard to other road users
 - e. Trading that will lead to the contravention of any traffic regulation order or advice given in the Highway Code
 - f. Trading that takes place in narrow or restricted areas where the activity would cause congestion or impact on public safety

- g. Trading that takes place in areas requiring servicing, deliveries or emergency access
- h. Trading that will have a detrimental effect on the character of an area

11.0 Enforcement

- 11.1 The Council will adopt a risk based approach to enforcement and regulation and follow the Council's enforcement protocols. The aim of the approach is to ensure proportionality, consistency and transparency. It is likely that trading associated with small scale charitable events will be subject to a "light touch" approach to regulation and traders will be given a reasonable period of time to apply for the necessary consents. Advice and sources information will be provided to organisers via the Council's website or via other means where requested.

12.0 STATEMENT OF POLICY IN RESPECT OF THE LICENSING OF EX-OFFENDERS IN RESPECT OF STREET TRADING CONSENT APPLICATIONS

- 12.1 The following is a description of the Council's general approach to certain categories of offences but each case will be dealt with on merit. The main considerations in each case will be the safety of the public, the fact that traders do not trade from premises and may therefore have unsupervised access to the public, and in particular the young and vulnerable. In all cases, greater weight will be given to convictions where the victim was a young or vulnerable person and those relating to trading, counterfeiting or similar offences.

12.2 Dishonesty

Members of the public using a street trading outlet expect the holder and his/her assistant to be honest and trustworthy. For this reason a serious view will be taken of any conviction involving dishonesty. In general, an applicant for the grant or renewal of a street trading consent is unlikely to be granted a street trading consent where the application is made within 3 to 5 years of a conviction for dishonesty of any kind.

12.3 Violence

As street traders and their assistants have close contact with the public, a firm line will be taken with applicants who have convictions for violence. In cases where the commission of an offence involves loss of life, a street trading consent will normally be refused.

In other cases, a period of 3 to 10 years free of conviction from the date of conviction or the date of release where a custodial sentence has been imposed, depending upon the nature and seriousness of the offence(s), will generally be required before an application is likely to be considered favourably.

12.4 Misuse of Drugs

A very serious view will be taken of convictions relating to the supply or importation of drugs and is likely to result in the refusal of a consent.

For a conviction relating to the possession of drugs the applicant should be free of conviction for at least 5 years at the date of the application depending on the circumstances.

12.5 Sexual and indecency offences

As the holders of street trading consents and their assistants may have access to unsupervised children or the vulnerable applicants who have convictions for rape, indecent assault, any sexual offence involving children and any conviction for an offence under the Sexual Offences Act 2003 will be refused a street trading consent.

12.6 Motoring convictions

In most cases, motoring offences are unlikely to be relevant when deciding if an applicant for a street trading consent is a suitable person. Each case will be dealt with on its merits with greater weight being given to convictions attracting a disqualification.

12.7 Formal cautions and fixed penalty notices

For the purposes of these guidelines, the Council will treat relevant Formal Cautions and fixed penalty notices as though they were a conviction before the courts.

12.8 The policy shall also apply to any person who assists the consent holder to trade.

This policy is available in Welsh and in other formats on request

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